

## Melanopische LED-effectiviteitsfactor

Voor de omrekening van fotonische (visuele) beoordelingsgrootheden in melanopische (biologische) beoordelingsgrootheden (volgens CIE S 026/E:2018, DIN SPEC 5031-100).

CRI	Gecorreleerde kleurtemperatuur*	Lichtstroom van armatuur	MNER	MDER	MEER
>90	2700 K	4250 lm	1,03	0,48	0,53
	3000 K	4250 lm	1,04	0,55	0,61
	3500 K	4250 lm	1,04	0,65	0,71
	4000 K	4250 lm	1,02	0,72	0,79
	4500 K	4250 lm	1,00	0,78	0,86
	5000 K	4250 lm	0,98	0,83	0,92
	5700 K	4250 lm	0,97	0,89	0,99
	6500 K	4250 lm	0,95	0,95	1,05

**CRI:** Kleurweergave-index min.

**Gecorreleerde kleurtemperatuur\*:** Kleurtemperatuurwaarden volgens ANSI

**Lichtstroom van armatuur:** Vastgestelde lichtstroom van armatuur

**MNER:** Melanopic Natural Efficacy Ratio

≙ mv, mel, nat (omrekeningsfactor voor het natuurlijke referentielichttype volgens kleurwaardeberekening, bij een gelijke kleurtemperatuur)

**MDER:** Melanopic Daylight Efficacy Ratio, CIE S 026/E:2018

≙ mv, mel, D65 (DIN SPEC 5031-100, omrekeningfactor voor lichttype D65, voor de berekening van de melanopische daglichtequivalente verlichtingssterkte)

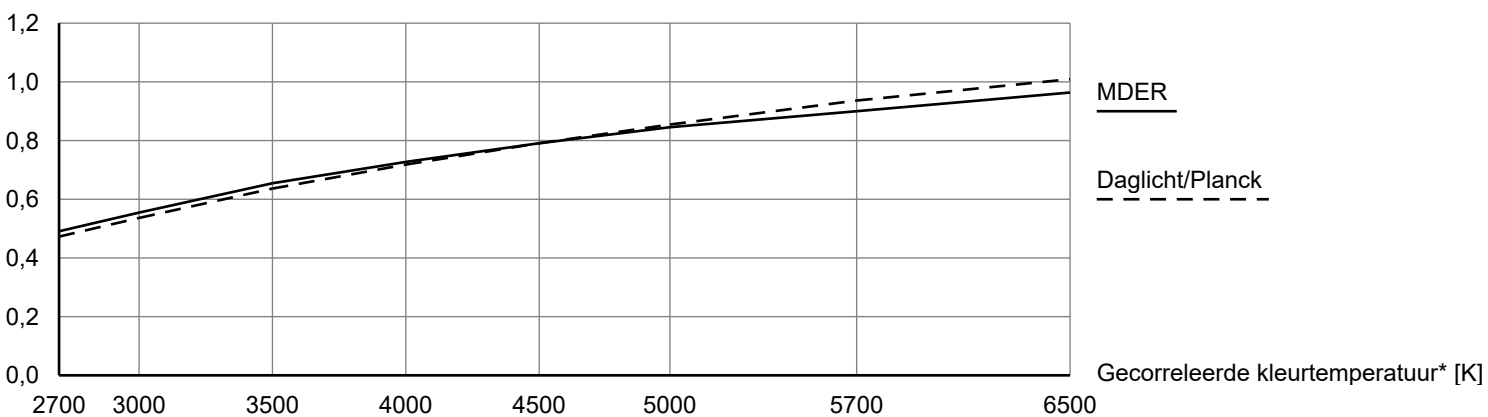
**MEER:** Melanopic Equal-energy Efficacy Ratio, CIE S 026/E:2018

≙ R (equivalente melanop. Lux-metrick / melanop. ratio)

Geschikt voor berekeningen voor certificering volgens WELL Building Standard v2 (L03)

**Daglicht/Planck:** Als natuurlijk referentielichttype wordt vanaf een kleurtemperatuur van 5000K daglicht, in het bereik hieronder een Planck-spectrum gebruikt

MDER



### Tip voor de lichtconfiguratie:

Zie bijlage voor de berekening van het melanopische lichteffect of neem contact op met onze lichtoplossingeningenieurs.

Bijlage: [https://www.thornlighting.com/PDB/Teaser/EN/TLG\\_Melanopic-Datasheet-Supplement.pdf](https://www.thornlighting.com/PDB/Teaser/EN/TLG_Melanopic-Datasheet-Supplement.pdf)

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## Notes regarding the conversion of visual evaluation variables into biological evaluation variables

The conversion factors specified in the “Melanopic Data Sheet” can be used to convert the results of a photopic light calculation or measurement into melanopic evaluation variables.



Photopic (visual) evaluation



Melanopic (biological) evaluation

- 1 Reception area of the vertical illuminance at the eye of the observer, relevant for melanopic evaluation
- 2 Light from light source **photopically evaluated** with standard measuring and planning tools
- 3 Light from light source **melanopically evaluated** with formula (photopic value multiplied by factor from Zumtobel data sheet = melanopic value)

## Notes regarding melanopic light planning

The specified “melanopic action factors” enable the light planner to perform calculations to determine biological effectiveness (in accordance with CIE S 026/E:2018, DIN SPEC 5031-100, DIN SPEC 67600 and [WELL Building Standard](#)). With regard to the aspects of “Human Centric Lighting” and “Human Centred Design”, these extended planning parameters are attributed increasing importance for optimised light quality and well-being.

The luminaire and its spectrum contribute to the biological effect, but a holistic approach is required: *Integrative, holistic planning includes the application and effects of light in the planning process from the outset and, amongst other things, helps to implement energy-efficient solutions for biologically effective light through suitable use of daylight.\**

A holistic planning should take the following aspects into account: \*, \*\*, \*\*\*

- Luminous intensity (illuminance)
- Changes in the spectrum during transmission
- Changes in the spectrum during reflection
- Changes in the spectrum through absorption
- Area and room angle (geometric arrangement of the light)
- Light direction (geometric arrangement of the light)
- Daytime adapted light
- Season adapted light
- Duration of light exposure
- Spectral and spatial distribution of light over time
- Rapid light changes
- Luminous intensity (illuminance) at other times
- Correction factor for age with melanopic effects of light
- Correction factor for age-dependent reduction of transmission by the eyes
- Correction factor for age-dependent pupil constriction

Another source for planning all aspects of “Human Centric Lighting” is the [licht.wissen 21](#) Guide to Human Centric Lighting (HCL), available free of charge at licht.de.

\*DIN SPEC 67600, \*\*DIN SPEC 5031-100, \*\*\*No claim to completeness